

PREPARED FOR:

Town of Brookhaven Industrial Development Agency One Independence Hill Farmingville, NY 11738

Reasonableness Assessment for Financial Assistance

RA OAK RUN, LLC

OCTOBER 2024

PREPARED BY:



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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Project Description

The Town of Brookhaven Industrial Development Agency (Agency) received an application from RA Oak Run LLC (Applicant) for financial assistance for the construction of a planned senior housing community consisting of seventy-four (74) townhomes. Twenty percent of the townhomes will be allocated for affordable and workforce housing. The property will include a leasing office, an outdoor swimming pool, an indoor fitness center, and an outdoor recreational area.

The Project represents a \$35.1 million investment and is anticipated by the Applicant to generate 1.5 full-time permanent jobs within two years. To support this project, the Applicant requests financial assistance through a Payment In Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) agreement.

Purpose of this Analysis

An objective, third-party review of a project's assumptions and estimated operating and financial performance helps Industrial Development Agencies perform a complete evaluation of a proposed Project. Camoin Associates was engaged to analyze the Project and deliver an analysis and opinion to answer three questions:

- Are the operating assumptions, such as rent, vacancy, and expenses, within regional norms?
- Is the assistance necessary for the Project to be financially feasible and, therefore, undertaken by the Applicant?
- If assistance is awarded, will the Applicant's rate of return on investment be similar to market expectations for similar projects in the region and, therefore, reasonable?

Findings: This analysis concludes that the answer to each of these questions is as follows:

- Certain assumptions are within norms, such as market rent and vacancy rate. However, operating expenses and net operating income are more efficient than benchmarks.
- Equity dividend rate benchmark is met with the PILOT scenario but is not met with the No PILOT scenario.
- In both situations, cash flow is positive, but cumulative cash flow does not recoup the initial equity investment over the time period studied.



1. OPERATING ASSUMPTIONS

The Applicant's operating assumptions are compared to CoStar estimates for rent in 2024 in Suffolk County and key metrics for workforce and affordable housing income limits as provided by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. The ability of households in Suffolk County to afford market rate, workforce, and affordable apartments is estimated by calculating the income necessary to pay no more than 30% of income on rent. Actual rents will need to be adjusted to meet the requirements of HUD and adjusted annually.

				Apartment	Unit Type, Rent, a	nd Household Inco	me
	Number of	Rent per	Rent per	Household Income	Income Limits	Income Limits	
Type of Apartment (1)	Units (1)	Month (1)	Year	Required (2)	Workforce (3) (5)	Affordable (5)	Benchmarks
Market Rate 2BR	58	\$3,648	\$43,776	\$145,920	n/a	n/a	Projected rent is 1.38 times higher than average current rent for Suffolk County (4)
Affordable 2BR (County)	4	\$2,770	\$33,240	\$110,800	n/a	\$112,500	Meets Benchmarks
Affordable 2BR (Town)	4	\$1,733	\$20,796	\$69,320	n/a	\$112,500	Meets Benchmarks
Workforce 2BR (County)	4	\$3,648	\$43,776	\$145,920	\$168,700	n/a	Meets Benchmarks
Workforce 2BR (Town)	4	\$2,286	\$27,432	\$91,440	\$168,700	n/a	Meets Benchmarks

⁽¹⁾ Source: Applicant



⁽²⁾ Income needed to pay no more than 30% on rent

⁽³⁾ Town of Brookhaven IDA Workforce housing income limit is 120% of Area Median Income (AMI) for Suffolk County, New York and affordable housing income limit is 80% of AMI for Suffolk County, New York

⁽⁴⁾ Average monthly rent for 2024 in Suffolk County, NY is estimated at \$2,640; Source: CoStar

⁽⁵⁾ Affordable Limit for 3 person family is \$112,500, and workforce is \$168,700. Source: Town of Brookhaven Uncapped FY 2024 Low Income Limits Effective May 1, 2024

2. PILOT ANALYSIS

Camoin Associates created a PILOT schedule in alignment with the Agency's Uniform Tax Exemption Policy (UTEP)

		PILOT S	chedule - 14 Yea	ar		
		Plu	is: Improvements			
	Property	Projected			Estimated	
	Without	Improvement	Proposed	Total PILOT	PILOT Savings	Project w/out
Year	Project (1)	Tax (2)	Exemption (1)	(1)	(2)	PILOT (2)
Construction Year 1	\$23,482		100.00%	\$23,482	\$0	\$23,482
Construction Year 2	\$24,070		100.00%	\$24,070	\$0	\$24,070
PILOT/Tax Year 3	\$24,671	\$450,479	93.75%	\$52,826	\$422,324	\$475,150
PILOT/Tax Year 4	\$25,288	\$461,741	87.50%	\$83,006	\$404,023	\$487,029
PILOT/Tax Year 5	\$25,920	\$473,284	81.25%	\$114,661	\$384,543	\$499,204
PILOT/Tax Year 6	\$26,568	\$485,116	75.00%	\$147,847	\$363,837	\$511,684
PILOT/Tax Year 7	\$27,232	\$497,244	68.75%	\$182,621	\$341,855	\$524,476
PILOT/Tax Year 8	\$27,913	\$509,675	62.50%	\$219,041	\$318,547	\$537,588
PILOT/Tax Year 9	\$28,611	\$522,417	56.25%	\$257,169	\$293,860	\$551,028
PILOT/Tax Year 10	\$29,326	\$535,477	50.00%	\$297,065	\$267,739	\$564,804
PILOT/Tax Year 11	\$30,060	\$548,864	43.75%	\$338,796	\$240,128	\$578,924
PILOT/Tax Year 12	\$30,811	\$562,586	37.50%	\$382,427	\$210,970	\$593,397
PILOT/Tax Year 13	\$31,581	\$576,651	31.25%	\$428,029	\$180,203	\$608,232
PILOT/Tax Year 14	\$32,371	\$591,067	25.00%	\$475,671	\$147,767	\$623,438
Total	\$387,905				\$3,575,795	\$6,602,506

(1) Source: Town of Brookhaven

(2) Source: Applicant

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\$2,638,805

The PILOT agreement will abate 52.4% of the Applicant's taxes, resulting in \$3,575,795 in foregone tax revenue (benefit to the Project) to the municipality over the next 14 years. This amount is higher than the \$2,638,805 estimated new tax revenue (benefit to the municipality) the municipality stands to gain from the Project with the PILOT.

Real Property Tax Comparison	
14 Year PILOT	
Comparison of Taxes on Full Value of Project and with PILOT	
Taxes without PILOT	\$6,602,506
Less: PILOT/Tax Payments	(\$3,026,711)
Foregone Revenue (Benefits to Project)	\$3,575,795
Abatement Percent	54.2%
<u>Net New Taxes Compared with No Project</u>	
PILOT	\$3,026,711
Less: Estimated Taxes without Project	<u>(\$387,905)</u>

Estimated New Tax Revenue (Benefits to Municipalities)



This table shows the PILOT timeline and the Project's tax payments. It calculates the benefits to the municipalities and the benefits (or savings) to the Project.

Proposed PILOT and Tax Comparison (14 year PILOT)

	Bene	fits to Municipal	ities			Benefit to	Project	
		Less:	Net	Ta	ixes Owed	Less:	Estimated	Share
	PILOT	Current Tax	New Tax	af	ter Project	PILOT	Savings to	of Estimated
Year	Payments	Revenues (1)	Revenues	Cor	mpletion (2)	Payments	Project	Taxes Owed
1	\$ 23,482	\$23,482	\$0	\$	23,482	\$ 23,482	\$0	100.00%
2	\$ 24,070	\$24,070	\$0	\$	24,070	\$ 24,070	\$0	100.00%
3	\$ 52,826	\$24,671	\$28,155	\$	475,150	\$ 52,826	\$422,324	11.12%
4	\$ 83,006	\$25,288	\$57,718	\$	487,029	\$ 83,006	\$404,023	17.04%
5	\$ 114,661	\$25,920	\$88,741	\$	499,204	\$ 114,661	\$384,543	22.97%
6	\$ 147,847	\$26,568	\$121,279	\$	511,684	\$ 147,847	\$363,837	28.89%
7	\$ 182,621	\$27,232	\$155,389	\$	524,476	\$ 182,621	\$341,855	34.82%
8	\$ 219,041	\$27,913	\$191,128	\$	537,588	\$ 219,041	\$318,547	40.75%
9	\$ 257,169	\$28,611	\$228,557	\$	551,028	\$ 257,169	\$293,860	46.67%
10	\$ 297,065	\$29,326	\$267,739	\$	564,804	\$ 297,065	\$267,739	52.60%
11	\$ 338,796	\$30,060	\$308,736	\$	578,924	\$ 338,796	\$240,128	58.52%
12	\$ 382,427	\$30,811	\$351,616	\$	593,397	\$ 382,427	\$210,970	64.45%
13	\$ 428,029	\$31,581	\$396,447	\$	608,232	\$ 428,029	\$180,203	70.37%
14	\$ 475,671	\$32,371	\$443,300	\$	623,438	\$ 475,671	\$147,767	76.30%
Totals	\$ 3,026,711	\$387,905	\$2,638,805	\$	6,602,506	\$ 3,026,711	\$3,575,795	45.8%

⁽¹⁾ Assumes tax rate for Fiscal Year 2023/2024 of 434.86 and a current assessed value of \$5,400.



⁽²⁾ Assumes a 2% annual increase in tax rate and a taxable value of \$104,000 upon project completion; Source: Town of Brookhaven, Applicant

3. OPERATING PERFORMANCE

The project's operating performance is measured using Year 5 of operations (Year 7 of the total PILOT period) from the Applicant's Pro Forma. The Applicant assumes that gross revenue and expenses will escalate at 2% per year and that there will be a 5% vacancy rate once stabilized, within the range for Suffolk County, NY. Operating expenses are lower than the benchmarks. With the PILOT, real property taxes absorb 8% of project income, while debt service absorbs 50% of income, resulting in a positive cash flow of \$894,208. Without a PILOT, real property taxes absorb 17% of gross operating income, resulting in a positive cash flow of \$552,353.

		Operations Sna	pshot, Year 7	'				
		14 Year	PILOT			14 Year N	No-PILOT	
	Project	Share of Gross	Benchmark		Project	Share of Gross	Benchmark	
	Performance	Operating	Performance		Performance	Operating	Performance	
	(1)	Income	(2)	Evaluation	(1)	Income	(2)	Evaluation
Calculation of Net Operating Income Residential								
Gross Operating Income	\$ 3,290,576	100%	n/a	n/a	\$ 3,290,576	100%	n/a	n/a
Vacancy Rate and Concessions (4)	5.0%	n/a	5.8%	Within range	5.0%	n/a	5.8%	Within range
Effective Gross Income (EGI), All Uses (3)	\$ 3,174,108	96%	96%	Within range	\$ 3,174,108	96%	96%	Within range
Less: Operating Expenses and Reserve	(\$455,829)	14%	51%	More efficient	(\$455,829)	14%	51%	More efficient
Less: Real Property Taxes	\$ (182,621)	<u>6%</u>	n/a	<u>n/a</u>	\$ (524,476)	<u>16%</u>	n/a	<u>n/a</u>
Net Operating Income	\$ 2,535,657	77%	48%	More efficient	\$ 2,193,802	67%	48%	More efficient
Less: Debt Service	(\$1,641,449)	50%	n/a	n/a	(\$1,641,449)	50%	n/a	n/a
Cashflow after Operating Costs, Taxes, Debt	\$ 894,208	27%	n/a	n/a	\$ 552,353	17%	n/a	n/a

⁽¹⁾ Source: Applicant

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⁽²⁾ Source: RealtyRates Q3 2024 for Northeast Region

⁽³⁾ Net of vacancy and concessions

⁽⁴⁾ Average vacancy rate for 2024 in Suffolk County, NY is 5.8%; Source: CoStar

4. FINANCING PLAN

- The Sources and Uses of Funds show the total project costs and debt and equity capital structure.
- The Senior (Long Term) Debt Terms are positive, with bank financing making up 65% of the source of funds, below the industry benchmarks of 70-80%. The annual interest rate for long-term debt is within range, and the maturity term is within acceptable limits.

Sources and Uses	ot Funas	
Sources of Funds	Amount (1)	<u>Share</u>
Bank Financing	\$22,815,000	65%
Equity and Working Capital	\$12,285,000	<u>35%</u>
Total Sources	\$35,100,000	100%

Uses of Funds

 Acquisition and Transaction Costs
 \$6,070,000
 17%

 Construction Costs
 \$29,030,000
 83%

 Total Uses
 \$35,100,000
 100%

(1) Source: Applicant

Terms	of the Senior (I	Long Term) Debt	
	Terms (1)	Benchmark (2)	Evaluation
Amount Borrowed	\$22,815,000	n/a	n/a
Loan to Total Project Cost	65%	70% to 80%	Below Range
Annual Interest Rate	6.00%	4.81% to 9.11%	Within Range
Maturity in Years	30	15 to 40	Within Range

(1) Source: Applicant

(2) Source: RealtyRates Q3 2024

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5. RATE OF RETURN

An estimated return on investment is calculated using the Applicant's operating pro forma and capital structure. This analysis measures whether the financial assistance is necessary and reasonable. Financial performance with and without a PILOT is estimated over the full PILOT period. Three metrics are used to evaluate outcomes:

- The Equity Dividend Rate is net cash flow for each year, divided by the initial equity investment. Equity Dividend Rates are benchmarked using current market information from RealtyRates.com for similar projects in the region. Equity Dividend Rates close to the benchmarks indicate a Project outcome in line with the current market, which means the Applicant is earning a reasonable return. Very low or negative rates indicate the Project is unlikely to be undertaken if compared to other possible investments. Equity Dividend Rates are based on an initial equity investment of \$12,285,000. The average equity dividend rate meets this criterion in year 7 for the Pilot Scenario and does not meet this benchmark in the No PILOT Scenario, indicating a PILOT is necessary for this project to meet this feasibility benchmark.
- Cash Flow shows net cash flow to the Applicant over time. There are currently no cash flow benchmarks available. Cumulative Cash Flow is positive for both scenarios but not sufficient to recoup the initial investment of \$12,285,000 in the period studied.
- Debt Service Coverage estimates how well the Project's net income, after taxes, supports debt repayment. Debt Service Coverage exceeds the benchmark in both scenarios in year 1.

Compar	ison of Return	on Investme	ent
		14 Year	Benchmarks
	No PILOT	PILOT	(1)
Equity Dividend Rates			
Average	5.0%	6.65%	7 220
Minimum	3.21%	6.65%	7.33% to
Maximum	6.98%	8.18%	
Year Benchmarks Met	n/a	7	
Cash Flow			
Average	\$619,085	\$917,068	
Minimum	\$394,670	\$816,994	
Maximum	\$857,560	\$1,005,327	n/a
Cumulative	\$7,381,469	\$10,957,264	
Year Investment Recouped	n/a	n/a	
Debt Service Coverage			
Average	1.38	1.56	1.00
Minimum	1.24	1.50	to
Maximum	1.52	1.61	1.86
Years Benchmarks Met	. 1	1	

(1) Source: RealtyRates for Q3 2024



ATTACHMENT 1: PRO FORMAS

Oak Run (Middle Island, NY)	Da	te	10	0/31/2024																			
				•	Ann	ual Ca	shflows	Pro	o Forma)	- No	PILOT	1											
		struction		Year 3	٧-	ar 4	Year 5		Year 6	v	ear 7	Yea	. 0	٧.	ear 9	Year	10	Year 11	v	ear 12	Year	12	Year 14
Operating Cash Flow	Y	ear I-Z		rear 3	re	ar 4	rear 5		rear 6	10	ear /	rea	11 6	16	ear 9	rear	10	rear 11	Y	edf 12	rear	15	rear 14
Residential Income																							
Gross Operating Income	S	27	S	3.039.984	\$ 3.1	00.784	\$ 3,162.79	9 \$	3 226 055	\$ 32	290.576	\$ 3.35	6 388	\$ 3.4	423 516	\$ 3.491	986	\$ 3,561,826	\$ 3	633 062	\$ 3.705	5.724	\$ 3 779 8
Less: Vacancy Allowance (enter as a negative number)	S	-	S															\$ (178,091)					
Net Rental Income, Residential	\$		\$															\$ 3,383,734					
Commercial/Industrial Income																							
Gross Operating Income	S		S		\$		s -	s		S		S		S		S		s -	S		S		s -
Less: Vacancy Allowance (enter as a negative number)	S		S		S		s -	\$		S		S		\$		c		\$ -	S		6		
Net Rental Income. Commercial/Industrial	\$		5		¢	-	ς -	\$		\$	-	S	-	\$	-	5	-	¢ .	•		¢	-	¢ .
Net Rental Income, Commercial/Industrial	3		5		3		3	3		3		3		Þ		3		•	,		3		5 -
Other Income																							
Parking Income	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	S -	\$	-	5	-	\$	-	\$	0=	S	-	\$ -	5	=	S	=	\$ -
Other Income	\$	2	\$	=	\$	-	s -	\$	-	5	-	\$	-	\$	15	S	-	\$ -	5	-	S	-	\$ -
Other Income	\$	-	\$	44,400	\$	45,288	\$ 46,19	4 \$	47,118	5	48,060	\$ 4	9,021	\$	50,002	\$ 51	002	\$ 52,022	5	53,062	\$ 54	4,123	\$ 55,2
Net Income, Other	\$	-	\$	44,400	\$	45,288	\$ 46,19	4 \$	47,118	\$	48,060	\$ 4	9,021	\$	50,002	\$ 51	002	\$ 52,022	5	53,062	\$ 54	4,123	\$ 55,2
Effective Gross Income (EGI)	s	-	\$	2,932,385	\$2,99	1,032	\$3,050,85	3 \$	\$3,111,870	\$3,1	74,108	\$3,23	7,590	\$3,3	02,342	\$3,368,	388	\$3,435,756	\$3,	504,471	\$3,574	,561	\$3,646,0
Operating Expenses (enter positive numbers)																							
Salaries and Wages	S	-	5	90,000	\$	91.800	\$ 93.63	5 \$	95,509	5	97,419	\$ 9	9,367	\$ 1	101,355	\$ 103	382	\$ 105,449	5	107,558	\$ 109	9.709	\$ 111.9
Management Fee	S	9	S	86.640			\$ 90.14			S	93,781							\$ 101.512					\$ 107.7
Maintenance	s	_	s	23,815	S	24.291	\$ 24.77	7 \$	25.273	s			6,294	s	26,820			\$ 27,903	s	28,461	\$ 29	9.030	\$ 29,6
Advertising	5	-	S	11.184	\$	11.408	\$ 11.63	5 \$	11.869	S	12.106		2.348		12.595	\$ 12	847			13.366	\$ 13	3.634	\$ 13.9
Utilities	S	-	S				\$ 58.14			S	60.495		1.705					\$ 65,482					\$ 69.4
Admin / Office	S	-	S	46.308			\$ 48.17						1,128		52,151			\$ 54.258					\$ 57.5
Bank Charges	S	_	S	1.230			\$ 1.27				1.331		1.358		1.385		413			1.470		1.499	
Telephone	<		S	739		754		9 \$					816		833		849			884		901	
Prof. Fees	\$	9	5	5.721		5,836					6,193		6,317				572					5,974	
Deposit to replacement reserve	5		S	14,637			\$ 15,22				15,844		6,161		16,484		813			17,493			\$ 18,1
Insurance	5		S	84.952		86.651									95.670		583			101.526			\$ 105.6
Other	\$	-	5	-	\$		\$ -	\$		5	-	\$	-	\$		\$		\$ -	S	,	\$		\$ -
Operating Expenses	\$	2	\$	421,116	\$ 42	29,538	\$ 438,12	9 \$	\$ 446,891	\$ 4	155,829	\$ 46	4,946	\$ 4	174,245	\$ 483,	729	\$ 493,404	\$	503,272	\$ 513	3,338	\$ 523,6
Pre-Tax Operating Income (Revenue less Operating Expenses)	\$	- 2	\$	2,511,269	\$2,56	51,495	\$2,612,72	4 \$	\$ 2,664,979	\$2,7	18,279	\$2,77	2,644	\$2,8	28,097	\$2,884,	659	\$2,942,352	\$3,	001,199	\$3,061	,223	\$3,122,44
Real Property Taxes (assuming no PILOT)	\$	47,552	5	475,150	\$ 4	87,029	\$ 499,20	4 \$	511,684	\$ 5	524,476	\$ 53	7,588	\$ 5	551,028	\$ 564	804	\$ 578,924	5	593,397	\$ 608	8,232	\$ 623,4
Net Operating Income (NOI) after Taxes	s	(47,552)	\$	2,036,119	\$2,07	74,466	\$2,113,52) \$	\$ 2,153,295	\$2,1	93,802	\$2,23	5,056	\$2,2	77,069	\$2,319,	855	\$2,363,428	\$2,	407,802	\$2,452	2,991	\$2,499,0
Loan or Mortgage (Debt Service)																							
Interest Payment	\$	-	5	1,361,279	\$ 1,3	43,998	\$ 1,325,65	2 \$	1,306,174	\$ 1,2	285,495	\$ 1,26	3,541	\$ 1,2	240,232	\$ 1,215	486	\$ 1,189,214	\$ 1	161,321	\$ 1,13	1,707	\$ 1,100.2
Principal Payment	\$	2	S	280,171	\$ 2	97,451	\$ 315,79	7 \$	335,275	\$ 3	355,954	\$ 37	7,909	\$ 4	401,217	\$ 425	963	\$ 452,236	5	480,129	\$ 509	9,742	\$ 541,18
Debt Service	\$	-	\$	1,641,449	\$ 1,6	41,449	\$ 1,641,44	9 \$	1,641,449	\$ 1,6	541,449	\$ 1,64	1,449	\$ 1,6	541,449	\$ 1,641	449	\$ 1,641,449	\$ 1	,641,449	\$ 1,64	1,449	\$ 1,641,4
Cash Flow After Financing and Reserve	\$	(47,552)	\$	394,670	\$ 43	33,017	\$ 472,07	1 \$	\$ 511,845	\$ 5	52,353	\$ 59	3,606	\$ 6	35,619	\$ 678,	406	\$ 721,979	\$	766,353	\$ 811	,542	\$ 857,5
Debt Service Coverage Ratio (DSCR)				1.24		1.26	1.2	9	1.31		1.34		1.36		1.39		1.41	1.44		1.47		1.49	1.
Equity Dividend Rate				3,21%		3.52%	3.84		4.17%		4.50%		4.83%		5.17%		52%	5.88%		6.24%		5.61%	6.9

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Reasonableness Assessment for RA Oak Run, Town of Brookhaven Industrial Development Agency

Oak Run (Middle Island, NY)	Da	te	10	/31/2024					_																	
					A	nnual (Cas	hflows (Pro	o Forma) -	PILOT														
	Cor	nstruction																								
	١	/ear 1-2		Year 3	١	ear 4		Year 5		Year 6		Year 7	Y	ear 8	Y	ear 9	١	Year 10	Y	ear 11	Ye	ear 12	Y	ear 13	Y	ear 14
Operating Cash Flow																										
Residential Income			_																							
Gross Operating Income	S	-	\$	3,039,984																						
Less: Vacancy Allowance (enter as a negative number)	\$	151	\$							(161,303)																
Net Rental Income, Residential	5	-	\$	2,887,985	\$ 2	,945,744	\$.	3,004,659	\$ 3	3,064,753	\$ 3	3,126,048	\$ 3,	188,569	\$ 3,	,252,340	\$ 3	3,317,387	\$ 3	,383,734	\$ 3,	451,409	\$ 3	,520,437	\$ 3	,590,84
Commercial/Industrial Income																										
Gross Operating Income	5	12	\$	1-1	5	1 = 1	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	0.25	S	-	S	-
Less: Vacancy Allowance (enter as a negative number)	S	150	\$		5	100	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	5	-	5	-	\$	170	\$	170	\$		5	-	\$	-
Net Rental Income, Commercial/Industrial	\$	-	\$	(-)	5	(-)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	5	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	0-5	5	-	\$	-
Other Income																										
Parking Income	S	-	\$	-	S	9-2	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	5	-	S	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	0-2	5	-	5	-
Other Income	S	828	\$	725	S	3-2	S	_	\$	=	\$	_	S	_	S	_	\$	22	\$	723	\$	12	S	-1	S	_
Other Income	S		\$	44,400	S	45.288		46.194		47,118	\$	48.060		49.021		50,002		51,002	-	52.022			S	54.123		55.20
Net Income, Other	S	-	\$	44,400	_	45,288	_	46,194	_	47,118	_	48,060		49,021		50,002		51,002		52,022		53,062	\$	54,123	_	55,20
ffective Gross Income (EGI)	s		\$	2,932,385	\$2,	991,032	\$3	3,050,853	\$3	3,111,870	\$3	,174,108	\$3,2	237,590	\$3,	302,342	\$3	,368,388	\$3,	435,756	\$3,5	504,471	\$3,	574,561	\$3,	646,05
Operating Expenses (enter positive numbers)																										
Salaries and Wages	S		\$	90,000	S	91,800	\$	93,636	\$	95,509	\$	97,419	\$	99,367	S	101,355	\$	103,382	\$	105,449	\$	107,558	5	109,709	\$	111,9
Management Fee	S	-	\$	86.640	S	88.372	s	90.140	s	91.943	\$	93.781	S	95.657	S	97.570	s	99.522	\$	101.512	\$	103.542	S	105.613	s	107.7
Maintenance	S		\$	23,815	S	24,291	\$	24,777	\$	25,273	\$	25,778	S	26,294	5	26,820	\$	27,356	\$	27,903	\$	28,461	5	29,030	\$	29,6
Advertising	S		\$	11,184	S	11,408	\$	11,636	\$	11,869	\$	12,106	5	12,348	S	12,595	\$	12,847	\$	13,104	\$	13,366	S	13,634	S	13,90
Utilities	S	8-9	\$	55,888	S	57,006	\$	58,146	\$	59,309	\$	60,495	5	61,705	S	62,939	\$	64,198	\$	65,482	\$	66,792	5	68,128	\$	69,49
Admin / Office	S	-	\$	46,308	S	47,235	\$	48,179	\$	49,143	\$	50,126	\$	51,128	S	52,151	\$	53,194	\$	54,258	\$	55,343	S	56,450	S	57,57
Bank Charges	5	-	\$	1,230	5	1,254	\$	1,279	\$	1,305	\$	1,331	5	1,358	5	1,385	\$	1,413	\$	1,441	\$	1,470	5	1,499	5	1,52
Telephone	S		\$	739	S	754	5	769	\$	785	\$	800	5	816	S	833	\$	849	\$	866	\$	884	5	901	S	91
Prof. Fees	S	121	\$	5,721	S	5,836	\$	5,953	\$	6,072	\$	6,193	\$	6,317	S	6,443	\$	6,572	\$	6,704	\$	6,838	5	6,974	S	7,11
Deposit to replacement reserve	S	7-1	\$	14,637	5	14,930	\$	15,228	\$	15,533	\$	15,844	5	16,161	S	16,484	\$	16,813	\$	17,150	\$	17,493	5	17,843	5	18,19
Insurance	5	1 = 1	\$	84,952	5	86,651	\$	88,384	\$	90,152	\$	91,955	\$	93,794	\$	95,670	\$	97,583	\$	99,535	\$	101,526	5	103,556	\$	105,62
Other	S	-	\$	-	S	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	S	-	\$	-
perating Expenses	\$	121	\$	421,116	S	429,538	S	438,129	\$	446,891	\$	455,829	\$ 4	464,946	\$	474,245	\$	483,729	\$	493,404	\$!	503,272	\$	513,338	\$	523,60
Pre-Tax Operating Income (Revenue less Operating Expenses)	\$	121	\$	2,511,269	\$2,	561,495	\$ 2	2,612,724	\$2	2,664,979	\$2	,718,279	\$2,	772,644	\$2,	828,097	\$2	,884,659	\$2,	942,352	\$3,0	001,199	\$3,	061,223	\$3,	122,44
Real Property Taxes (assuming PILOT)	S	47,552	\$	52,826	S	83,006	\$	114,661	\$	147,847	\$	182,621	\$	219,041	S	257,169	\$	297,065	\$	338,796	\$	382,427	S	428,029	s	475,67
let Operating Income (NOI) after Taxes	S	(47,552)	\$	2,458,443	\$2,	478,489	\$2	2,498,063	\$2	2,517,132	\$2	,535,657	\$2,5	553,603	\$2,	570,928	\$2	,587,594	\$2,	603,556	\$2,6	518,772	\$2,	633,195	\$2,	646,77
Loan or Mortgage (Debt Service)																										
Interest Payment	5		\$	1,361,279	\$ 1	,343,998	\$	1,325,652	\$	1,306,174	\$ 1	1,285,495	\$ 1,	263,541	\$ 1,	,240,232	\$ 1	1,215,486	\$ 1	,189,214	\$ 1,	161,321	\$ 1	,131,707	\$ 1	,100,26
Principal Payment	S	721	\$	280,171	5	297,451	\$	315,797	\$	335,275	\$	355,954	\$	377,909	S	401,217	\$	425,963	\$	452,236	\$	480,129	S	509,742	S	541,18
Debt Service	S	-	\$	1,641,449	\$ 1	,641,449	\$	1,641,449	\$ 1	1,641,449	\$ 1	1,641,449	\$ 1,	641,449	\$ 1,	,641,449	\$ 1	1,641,449	\$ 1	,641,449	\$ 1,	641,449	\$ 1	,641,449	\$ 1	,641,44
ash Flow After Financing and Reserve	\$	(47,552)	\$	816,994	5	837,040	S	856,614	\$	875,682	\$	894,208	\$ 9	912,153	\$	929,479	\$	946,144	\$	962,107	\$ 9	977,322	5	991,745	\$1,	005,32
Debt Service Coverage Ratio (DSCR)				1.50		1.51		1.52		1.53		1.54		1.56		1.57		1.58		1.59		1.60		1.60		1.6
Equity Dividend Rate				6.65%		6.81%		6.97%		7.13%		7.28%		7.42%		7.57%		7.70%		7.83%		7.96%		8.07%		8.18



Commented [TG12R11]: I will schedule a call with Lisa to discuss the new template and get feedback. There may be other issues that we are unaware of that need addressing.

APPENDIX A: SCOPE OF SERVICES

To assist with its evaluation of the Applicant's request for financial assistance, Camoin was commissioned by the Town of Brookhaven Industrial Development Agency to conduct the above analyses. The analysis is comprised of four tasks:

- Test Assumptions by comparing rents, operating costs, and vacancy rates to real estate benchmarks for similar projects and noting any significant differences. Operating performance and net income are also evaluated.
- Review the Financing Plan and perform an objective third-party evaluation of the estimated return on investment (ROI) to the Applicant with and without a PILOT agreement. We also analyze whether the capital structure and terms of the long-term debt are within market benchmarks for obtaining bank financing.
- Evaluate the effects of one or more PILOTs recommended by the Agency and determine whether the PILOT would result in a return that is within what would normally be anticipated in the current market for a similar project.
- Provide an objective, third-party opinion about the need for and reasonableness of the financial assistance.

Sources Consulted

- Application for Financial Assistance dated May 29th, 2024.
- Project financing and annual cashflow workbook submitted by the Applicant in June 2024, with submitted revisions.
- Assessed value estimates provided by the applicant in the cashflow workbook.
- Real estate tax information and estimates received from the Agency, including anticipated future assessed value of the Project.
- CoStar
- RealtyRates.com



CoStar is the leading source of commercial real estate intelligence in the U.S. It provides a full market inventory of properties and spaces—available as well as fully leased—by market and submarket. Details on vacancy, absorption, lease rates, inventory, and other real estate market data are provided, as well as property-specific information including photos and floor plans. More at www.costar.com.

Realty Rates.com™

RealtyRates.com™ is a comprehensive resource of real estate investment and development news, trends, analytics, and market research that support real estate professionals involved with more than 50 income producing and sell-out property types throughout the U.S. RealtyRates.com™ is the publisher of the award-winning Investor, Developer and Market Surveys, providing data essential to the appraisal, evaluation, disposition and marketing of investment and development real estate nationwide.

Commented [RS13]: Double check these



APPENDIX B: DEFINITIONS

Equity Dividend Rate: This is calculated as the rate of return on the equity component of a project. It is calculated as follows: (Source: RealtyRates.com)

Equity Dividend / Equity Investment = Equity Dividend Rate, where Equity Dividend = Net Operating Income – Debt Service.

Debt Service Coverage Ratio (DSCR): The ratio of annual debt repayment, including principal and interest, to total Net Operating Income (NOI). (Source: RealtyRates.com)

Net Operating Income (NOI): Income net of all operating costs including vacancy and collection loss but not including debt service. Appraisers also typically expense reserves for repairs and replacements. However, because reserves are not usually reported along with other transaction data, RealtyRates.com tracks lender requirements but does not include them in calculations. (Source: RealtyRates.com)

ABOUT CAMOIN ASSOCIATES

Camoin Associates has provided economic development consulting services to municipalities, economic development agencies, and private enterprises since 1999. Through the services offered, Camoin Associates has had the opportunity to serve EDOs and local and state governments from Maine to California; corporations and organizations that include Lowes Home Improvement, FedEx, Amazon, Volvo (Nova Bus) and the New York Islanders; as well as private developers proposing projects in excess of \$6 billion. Our reputation for detailed, place-specific, and accurate analysis has led to projects in 32 states and garnered attention from national media outlets including Marketplace (NPR), Crain's New York Business, Forbes magazine, The New York Times, and The Wall Street Journal. Additionally, our marketing strategies have helped our clients gain both national and local media coverage for their projects in order to build public support and leverage additional funding. To learn more about our experience and projects in all of our service lines, please visit our website at www.camoinassociates.com. You can also find us on Twitter @camoinassociate and on Facebook and LinkedIn.

THE PROJECT TEAM

Rachel Selsky Vice President, Project Principal

Thomas Galvin Senior Real Estate Specialist, Project Analyst



